

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A device for optically coupling a first optical element (12) to a second optical element (11; 30), comprising:
  - a first optical element (12) having a first radiation penetration surface (121);
  - a second optical element (11; 30) having a second radiation penetration surface (32) which is opposite the first radiation penetration surface (121);
  - a chamber delimited by the first and second radiation penetration surfaces (121, 32) as well as by a circumferentially closed side wall (21) which connects the first and second radiation penetration surfaces (121, 32), said circumferentially closed side wall (21) defining a first section in the first radiation penetration surface and a second section in the second radiation penetration surface, the surface area of the first section being smaller than the surface area of the first radiation penetration surface (121), and the surface area of the second section being smaller than the surface area of the second radiation penetration surface (32) ;
  - a feeding conduit (15a) to the chamber for supplying index-adapting liquid; and
  - a discharge conduit (15b) from the chamber for evacuating index-adapting liquid or gas from the chamber; and
  - a tilting means configured such that the device can be tilted into a tilted position in which the feeding conduit is disposed at a lower level, as viewed in the direction of gravity, than the discharge conduit, and a supply means is provided which supplies index-adapting liquid to the feeding conduit.
2. (Currently Amended) The device according to claim 1, ~~characterized in that~~ wherein the feeding conduit (15a) and the discharge conduit (15b) are configured as channels in the first optical element (12).
3. (Currently Amended) The device according to claim 1 ~~or 2, characterized in that~~ wherein the chamber is formed, as a whole or in part, by a groove in the first optical element (12).
4. (Currently Amended) The device according to ~~one of the preceding claims,~~ claim 1, wherein the chamber is formed, as a whole or in part, by a space (25) in an intermediate element (20) which is situated, during optical coupling, between the first and second optical elements (12, 30).

5. (Currently Amended) The device according to ~~one of the preceding claims,~~  
~~characterized in that~~ claim 1, wherein the cross-section of the chamber comprises a rectangular  
center portion and two triangular end portions, with the tips of the triangular end portions  
respectively facing the feeding conduit ~~(15a)~~ or the discharge conduit ~~(15b)~~.

6. (Cancelled)

7. (Currently Amended) The device according to ~~one of the preceding claims,~~  
~~characterized in that~~ claim 1, wherein the second optical element comprises one or more sensor  
fields ~~(31)~~.

8. (Currently Amended) The device according to claim 7, ~~characterized in that~~  
wherein the second optical element ~~(11; 30)~~ is an SPR sensor plate and the one or more sensor  
fields ~~(31)~~ are SPR sensor fields.

9. (Currently Amended) The device according to claim 7 ~~or 8, characterized in~~  
~~that~~ wherein the one or more sensor fields ~~(31)~~ are disposed on the side of the second optical  
element ~~(11; 30)~~ facing away from the second radiation penetration surface ~~(32)~~.

10. (Currently Amended) The device according to ~~one of claims 7 to~~  
~~9, characterized by~~ claim 7, wherein a radiation supply means ~~(70-76)~~ arranged to couple radiation  
into the first optical element ~~(42)~~ such that the entire surface of the one or more sensor fields ~~(31)~~ is  
illuminated from the body of the second optical element ~~(30)~~.

11. (Currently Amended) The device according to claim 9 ~~or 10, characterized~~  
~~by~~ wherein a thermostatable block ~~(50)~~ having a first fluid-conducting channel ~~(55)~~ and a second  
fluid-conducting channel ~~(56)~~, and a gasket ~~(52)~~, said gasket ~~(52)~~ surrounding the one or more  
sensor fields ~~(31)~~ and cooperating with the thermostatable block ~~(50)~~ so that a space is formed  
around the one or more sensor fields ~~(32)~~ in which sample liquid can be fed or discharged through  
the first fluid-conducting channel ~~(55)~~ and/or the second fluid-conducting channel ~~(56)~~.

12. (Currently Amended) The device according to claim 11, ~~characterized by~~  
comprising a means ~~(57, 59)~~ for supplying and discharging sample liquid, said means being  
connected with the first fluid-conducting channel ~~(55)~~, and the second fluid-conducting channel ~~(56)~~  
being designed as an air escape connection.

13. (Currently Amended) A method for optically coupling a first optical element (42) to a first radiation penetration surface (121) and a second optical element (41; 30) to a second radiation penetration surface (32) which is opposite the first radiation penetration surface (121), said method comprising the steps of:

~~the formation of~~ forming a chamber delimited by the first and second radiation penetration surfaces (121, 32) and by a circumferentially closed side wall which connects the first and second radiation penetration surfaces (121, 32), said circumferentially closed side wall (24) defining a first section in the first radiation penetration surface and a second section in the second radiation penetration surface, the surface area of the first section being smaller than the surface area of the first radiation penetration surface (121), and the surface area of the second section being smaller than the surface area of the second radiation penetration surface (32); ~~and~~

bringing arrangement of the first optical element, the second optical element and the chamber into a tilted position in which an index-adapting liquid supply point in the chamber is disposed at a lower level, as viewed in the direction of gravity, than an index-adapting discharge point; and

filling of index-adapting liquid into the chamber.

14. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 13, ~~characterized in that~~ wherein the chamber is formed, as a whole or in part, by a space (25) in an intermediate element (20) which is inserted between the first and second optical elements (42, 30).

15. (Cancelled)

16. (Currently Amended) The method according to ~~one of claims 13 to 15,~~ ~~characterized in that~~ claim 13, wherein the second optical element comprises one or more sensor fields (34).

17. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 16, ~~characterized in that~~ wherein the second optical element (44; 30) is an SPR sensor plate, and the one or more sensor fields (34) are SPR sensor fields.

18. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 16 ~~or 17,~~ ~~characterized in that~~ wherein the one or more sensor fields (34) are disposed on the side of the second optical element (44; 30) facing away from the second radiation penetration surface (32).

19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 18, ~~characterized by the provision of~~ comprising step of providing a thermostatable block (50) with a first fluid-conducting

channel (55) and a second fluid-conducting channel (56) and ~~the provision of a gasket (52)~~ such that the gasket (50) surrounds the one or more sensor fields (34) and cooperates with the thermostatable block (50) such that a space is formed around the one or more sensor fields (34) in which sample liquid is ~~fed~~ supplied or discharged through the first fluid-conducting channel (55) and/or the second fluid-conducting channel (56).

20. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 19, ~~characterized by the wherein~~ supply and discharge of the sample liquid is provided via the first fluid-conducting channel (55) and air escape via the second fluid-conducting channel (56).

21. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim ~~19 or 20~~, ~~characterized in that~~ 20, wherein prior to the supply of the sample liquid into the space, ~~the~~ an array of the first optical element (42), the second optical element (30), the chamber, the thermostatable block (50), the gasket (52) and the space is brought into a tilted position in which a sample liquid supply point in the space is disposed at a lower level, as viewed in the direction of gravity, than a sample liquid discharge point or an air escape point.

22. (Currently Amended) The method according to ~~one of claims 16 to 21~~, ~~characterized in that~~ claim 21, wherein the entire surface of the one or more sensor fields (34) is illuminated from ~~the body of~~ the second optical element (30).